Domain 1: Current and Prospective Donor Research (14% — 28 items)

Tasks

1.1 Develop a list of prospective donors by identifying individuals, groups, and entities, such as foundations, corporations, and government agencies, with the linkage, ability, and interest to give in order to qualify prospective donors for further research and cultivation.

1.2 Implement and utilize a secure data management system to ensure data privacy, store information on current and prospective donors, and enable segmented retrieval and analysis.

1.3 Collect and analyze current and prospective donor information including demographics, psycho-graphics, interests, values, motivations, culture, ability, giving and volunteer history, relationships, and linkages to select potential donors for particular projects and fundraising programs.

1.4 Rate current and prospective donors on linkage, ability, and interest to prioritize and plan cultivation and solicitation.

1.5 Communicate and validate relevant donor information with key organizational stakeholders to establish a plan of action for engagement, cultivation, solicitation, and stewardship.

Key Knowledge Areas for Above Tasks

- Indicators that identify trends and define characteristics such as the socioeconomic status, giving history, generation, gender, and culture of a constituency
- Donor acquisition and retention principles
- Sources of financial support such as individuals, corporations, grantmaking bodies, foundations, governmental agencies, and gaming
- Types of information needed to identify prospective donors and determine specific fundraising strategies
- Donor profile components
- Indicators of the donor’s ability to give, linkage, and interest
- Donor giving patterns such as recency, frequency, renewal rates, and value
- Data analysis techniques such as statistical analysis, data mining, and segmentation
- Data gathering techniques such as surveys, focus groups, interviews, and social networking
- Elements of a comprehensive data management system including data capture, storage, retrieval, maintenance, and security
- Prospective donor screening, qualifying, and rating methods
• Motivations, practices, and policies of various funding sources
• Prospective donor information sources such as people, written or published sources, and electronic or online sources, and their uses and limitations
• Elements or components of a fundraising program, including annual giving, capital/major giving, and planned giving/legacies
• Relationships between and among annual giving, capital/major giving, and planned giving/legacies programs
• Market research components and uses
• Privacy legislation and regulation
• Ethical use of data
• Elements of engagement, cultivation, solicitation, and stewardship plans
• Elements of an effective solicitation plan
• Types of gifts such as cash, securities, trusts, property, and gifts in kind
• Solicitation strategies and their effectiveness with different donor groups
• Components and uses of feasibility/planning studies
• Negotiation techniques
• External factors that may affect the viability of the organization and its programs and services
• Donor motivations, barriers to giving, and giving behavior
• Peer relationship principles and their application to fundraising
• Fundraising program evaluation standards, procedures, and methods including benchmark calculations such as cost of fundraising, ROI, fundraising metrics, average gift, and response rates
• Gift agreements and payment structures for contributions such as outright gifts, pledges, and installments
• Communication methods and messages to reach target audiences
• The use of prospect research to inform cultivation and solicitation strategies
• Fundraising techniques and programs such as:
  o a. Direct marketing (for example, mail, telephone, electronic, direct response television [drtv], direct dialogue)
  o b. Special events (for example, dinners, walk-athons, tournaments, auctions)
  o c. Grant proposal writing (for example, foundations, corporations, government)
  o d. Corporate sponsorships, partnerships, and cause-related marketing
  o e. Gift planning such as bequests, legacies, and trusts
  o f. Major gifts
  o g. Memorial and tribute gifts

Domain 2: Securing the Gift
(23% — 46 items)

Tasks

2.1 Develop a case for support by involving stakeholders in order to communicate the rationale for supporting the organization's mission.

2.2 Identify solicitation strategies and techniques appropriate to current and prospective donor groups.

2.3 Develop and implement specific solicitation plans for the involvement of individual donors, donor groups, and/or entities.

2.4 Prepare donor-focused solicitation communications in order to facilitate informed gift decisions.

2.5 Ask for and secure gifts from current and prospective donors in order to generate financial support for the organization's mission.

Key Knowledge Areas for the Above Tasks

• Psychology of giving
• Sociological and cultural influences on giving
• Elements of an effective case
• Case statement construction
h. Capital and endowment campaigns
i. Membership and alumni programs
j. Gaming and lottery programs
k. Workforce and payroll giving/federated campaigns
l. Community, peer-to-peer, and third-party fundraising

Involvement of donor advisors, consultants, and legal and financial experts
Use of electronic media, such as websites, email, text messages, and social media

Domain 3: Relationship Building
(26% — 52 items)

Tasks

3.1 Initiate and strengthen relationships with constituents through systematic cultivation and stewardship plans designed to build trust in, and long-term commitment to, the organization.

3.2 Develop and implement a comprehensive communications plan to inform constituents about the organization’s mission, vision, values, financial and ethical practices, funding priorities, and gift opportunities.

3.3 Promote a culture of philanthropy by broadening constituents’ understanding of the value of giving.

3.4 Acknowledge and recognize donor gifts and engagement in ways that are meaningful to donors and appropriate to the mission and values of the organization.

Key Knowledge Areas for the Above Tasks

- Elements of a cultivation plan
- Components of a comprehensive communications plan
- Donor acquisition and renewal strategies
- Communication methods and messages to reach target audiences
- Oral and written communication techniques
- Components and uses of active listening
- Aspects of nonverbal communication such as body language and eye contact
- Interpersonal communication (for example, trust building, team building)
- External spheres of influence such as corporate, governmental, social, civic, professional, and religious affiliations and their interrelationships
- Methods for optimizing relationships between and among constituencies
- Relationship between philanthropy and fundraising
- Benefits of fundraising programs for organizations
- Using incentives such as member benefits, special invitations, premiums, and naming rights
- Stewardship techniques such as recognition and impact reporting
- Use of electronic media in relationship building
- Definition of a culture of philanthropy

Domain 4: Volunteer Involvement
(8% — 16 items)

Tasks

4.1 Identify organizational readiness and opportunities to engage volunteers.

4.2 Create structured processes for the identification, recruitment, orientation, training, evaluation, recognition, retention, and succession of volunteers.

4.3 Develop specific role descriptions and terms of commitment to empower and support volunteers and enhance their effectiveness.

4.4 Engage various types of volunteers (for example, board, program, campaign) in the fundraising process to increase organizational capacity.

4.5 Participate in recruiting experienced and diverse leadership on boards and/or committees to ensure these groups are
representative of, and responsive to, the communities served.

**Key Knowledge Areas for the Above Tasks**

- Personality types and attributes
- Volunteer roles in fundraising
- Components and uses of volunteer role descriptions and term commitments
- Skills training and competency development methods
- Strategies for optimizing volunteers’ time and talent
- Volunteer recruitment, orientation, training, management, motivation, retention, recognition, and evaluation techniques
- Governance principles and models for not-for-profit organizations
- Value of diversity and community representation
- Respective roles of volunteer board members and staff with respect to governance and management
- Trends and preferences in volunteering
- Organization’s structure, functions, and culture

**Domain 5: Leadership and Management (19% — 38 Items)**

**Tasks**

5.1 Demonstrate leadership that advances fundraising practice.

5.2 Advocate for and support a culture of philanthropy and the advancement of fundraising across the organization and its constituencies.

5.3 Ensure that sound administrative and management policies and procedures are in place to support fundraising functions.

5.4 Participate in the organization’s strategic planning process to ensure the integration of fundraising and philanthropy.

5.5 Design and implement short- and long-term fundraising plans and budgets to support the organization’s strategic goals.

5.6 Employ marketing and public relations principles and tools to support and grow fundraising programs.

5.7 Conduct ongoing performance measurement and analysis of fundraising programs using accepted and appropriate standards and metrics in order to identify opportunities, resolve problems, and inform future planning.

5.8 Recruit, train, and support staff by providing professional development opportunities and applying human resource principles to foster professionalism and a productive, team-oriented work environment.

5.9 Utilize external services as needed to optimize the efforts of the fundraising function.

**Key Knowledge Areas for Above Tasks**

- Components and uses of mission, vision, and values statements
- Strategic and action planning methods
- Fundraising program evaluation standards, procedures, and methods
- Policy and procedure development and evaluation
- Elements of a fundraising plan
- Role of fundraising in the strategic planning process
- Impact of organizational structures and team dynamics on the effectiveness of fundraising programs
- Methods for ensuring the integrity of data management and record-keeping systems
- Components and uses of development audits
- Financial management including budgeting, financial statements, and audits
- Use and application of market research
- Marketing and public relations principles
- Methods for assessing the organization’s impact on the community
• Training resources appropriate to the different fundraising program elements
• Human resource management principles, strategies, and practices
• Fundraising roles, job design, and structure
• Culture and definition of philanthropy
• Tools to assess the need for contracted services or other resources
• Techniques for selecting, evaluating, and managing contracted services
• Principles of managing meetings
• Methods and strategies for managing change
• Principles of effective leadership
• Sources of historical and contemporary information about philanthropy and fundraising
• Concepts of organizational development

Domain 6: Ethics, Accountability, and Professionalism (10% — 20 items)

Tasks

6.1 Ensure that all fundraising activities and policies comply with ethical principles and legal standards and reflect the values of the organization and the community.

6.2 Communicate principles of ethical fundraising to stakeholders to promote ethical practices and strengthen a culture of philanthropy.

6.3 Promote ethical fundraising as a crucial component of philanthropy to strengthen the non-profit sector and support the sector’s role as a pillar of civil society.

6.4 Clarify, implement, monitor, and honor donors’ intent and instructions regarding the use of gifts.

6.5 Ensure that allocations of donations are accurately documented in the organization’s records.

6.6 Report to constituents the sources, uses, impact, and management of donations to demonstrate transparency and enhance public trust in the organization.

6.7 Participate as an active and contributing member of the fundraising profession through activities such as mentoring, continuing education, research, and membership in professional associations.

Key Knowledge Areas for the Above Tasks

• Laws and regulations affecting not-for-profit organizations, including interactions with stakeholders such as donors, staff, and volunteers
• Legal and ethical practices related to donor record maintenance, gift accounting, financial management and audit trails
• Methods of recording, receipting, recognizing, and acknowledging gifts
• Elements of gift acceptance policies
• Elements of gift agreements
• Accounting and investment principles for not-for-profit organizations
• Organizational transparency, including methods for reporting fundraising performance, outcomes, and impact to constituencies
• Donor Bill of Rights/Donors’ Charter and International Statement of Ethical Principles in Fundraising
• Personal privacy and information protection
• Ethical principles relevant to cultivating, securing, and accepting gifts
• Methods and processes for ethical decision making
• Continuing professional development opportunities in fundraising such as professional organization membership, mentorship, research, committee involvement, and sources of continuing education
• Mentorship principles
• Professional organizations’ roles and resources to support advocacy
• Appropriate avenues for advocacy

Effective January 1, 2016